



SCOFIELD® Cureseal-VOC™

A solvent-borne, clear curing compound for freshly placed colored or uncolored concrete flatwork and a durable sealer for protecting horizontal or vertical quarry tile, brick, block, stone, exposed-aggregate, or cementitious surfaces. Intended for use in all states except California.

TECH-DATA BULLETIN TD-1634/35.04
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1. Product Description:

SCOFIELD® Cureseal-VOC™ is designed for curing and sealing freshly placed colored or uncolored concrete and sealing new or old, interior or exterior concrete flatwork or SCOFIELD® Texturetop® toppings where a clear matte or gloss finish is desired. It is also effective when used as a sealer over antiqued, imprinted, chemically stained, or exposed-aggregate concrete surfaces and as a finish sealer over quarry tile, brick, block, or stone. SCOFIELD Cureseal-VOC produces a clear finish that is resistant to blushing and will not yellow with age or exposure to ultraviolet light, providing significant protection against ultraviolet degradation of the substrate.

As a premium-quality concrete curing membrane, SCOFIELD Cureseal-VOC offers excellent curing properties and moisture retention. As a sealer, SCOFIELD Cureseal-VOC helps protect against staining from incidental contact with materials such as automotive oil, grease, and food spills. It produces a low-maintenance film that improves resistance to abrasion, freeze-thaw cycles, deicing salts, weather, ultraviolet (UV) radiation, and many chemicals. It is helpful in preventing concrete dusting and spalling. Surfaces sealed and protected with SCOFIELD Cureseal-VOC are easier to clean and maintain than unsealed concrete. It is used as a sealer on building walls, allowing stains from airborne pollutants such as soot and dirt to be washed away with water.

Commercial, industrial, and other interior floors may be cured and sealed with SCOFIELD Cureseal-VOC to protect the surface and facilitate cleanup. When applied as a sealer on existing floors or on floors topped with SCOFIELD Texturetop, SCOFIELD Cureseal-VOC serves as the basis for an ongoing floor maintenance program. SCOFIELD® Traction Additive may be used in conjunction with SCOFIELD Cureseal-VOC to improve slip resistance.

2. Coverage:

SCOFIELD Cureseal-VOC must be applied full strength without thinning by long-nap roller or applicator. Thinning or reducing SCOFIELD Cureseal-VOC with a nonexempt solvent is unlawful and will void the performance warranty. The coverage will vary depending on the method of application and the porosity and texture of the surface.

For freshly placed concrete, one coat of SCOFIELD Cureseal-VOC Gloss is required for curing. An additional top-coat of SCOFIELD Cureseal-VOC Gloss or SCOFIELD Cureseal-VOC Matte is applied over the initial cure coat of SCOFIELD Cureseal-VOC Gloss 30 days after the concrete has been placed and cured.

For older concrete or over quarry tile, brick, block, stone, or SCOFIELD Texturetop, two coats of SCOFIELD Cureseal-VOC Gloss are required when a gloss finish is desired. When a matte finish is desired, SCOFIELD Cureseal-VOC Matte is applied as the second coat over the initial coat of SCOFIELD Cureseal-VOC Gloss.

For application by long-nap roller or applicator, the recommended coverage rate per coat is 300–500 square feet per gallon (7–12 m²/L).

3. Limitations:

SCOFIELD Cureseal-VOC is not intended for sale or use in California or other jurisdictions where Tertiary Butyl Acetate is not an exempt solvent. As regulations in various jurisdictions are subject to change, the user is cautioned to check with local authorities for applicable regulatory requirements in any particular area.

SCOFIELD Cureseal-VOC is available in two types, Gloss and Matte. SCOFIELD Cureseal-VOC Matte must not be used alone for curing or sealing. When curing freshly placed concrete and a matte finish is desired, a cure coat of SCOFIELD Cureseal-VOC Gloss is applied and allowed to cure for 30 days. A topcoat of SCOFIELD Cureseal-VOC Matte is then applied over the initial cure coat of SCOFIELD Cureseal-VOC Gloss. When sealing older surfaces and a matte finish is desired, a prime coat of SCOFIELD Cureseal-VOC Gloss must be applied, followed by a topcoat of SCOFIELD Cureseal-VOC Matte. The topcoat can be applied as soon as the prime coat has dried sufficiently, normally 1–2 hours depending on temperature and humidity.

SCOFIELD Cureseal-VOC will not freeze and can be stored outside in cold weather. After exposure to freezing temperatures, SCOFIELD Cureseal-VOC must be allowed to warm up to approximately 40° F (4° C). Matte-finish material should be hand-stirred prior to use.

SCOFIELD Cureseal-VOC must only be used on concrete that is placed on a well-drained subgrade and is not subject to hydrostatic pressure. It is not intended for use as a waterproofing material on below-grade surfaces. Alkali or hard-water deposits may form on or under the sealer at edges, cracks, joints, depressions or other locations where water collects or enters the concrete substrate. Damp objects may leave deposits, stains, or discolorations if allowed to remain on the sealed concrete for an extended period of time. Like all clear sealers, SCOFIELD Cureseal-VOC will accentuate any nonuniformity in concrete color, texture, or finish.

Due to greater retention of moisture in the slab, SCOFIELD Cureseal-VOC should not be used to cure or seal concrete that contains reactive aggregates since the possibility of pop-outs will be increased.

WARNING!

SCOFIELD Cureseal-VOC must only be used in thin coats on surfaces adequately textured for slip resistance. Unless the surface was previously sealed with SCOFIELD Cureseal-VOC, it must be porous to allow penetration. If applied improperly or too heavily, the surface may peel or become slippery, particularly on pool decks or other areas where water may remain on the surface.

TEST SECTION

Prior to general application, a representative jobsite test section must be produced including casting, finishing, curing, sealing, or finish-coating as applicable to verify and approve suitability, proper surface preparation methods, adhesion, safety, performance, wet and dry slip resistance, application techniques, and coverage.



SCOFIELD Cureseal-VOC should not be used in areas subject to water submersion or continuous chemical exposure, concentrated abrasion and scratching, or metal-wheeled traffic. On areas subject to forklift traffic, the use of nonmarking tires is recommended to avoid unsightly black tire marks.

Most paints and adhesives for floor coverings are compatible when applied over SCOFIELD Cureseal-VOC, but testing is required with the particular materials in question to verify compatibility before their application.

SCOFIELD Cureseal-VOC must be applied when concrete and air temperatures are between 40 and 80° F (4–27° C). At temperatures above 70° F (21° C) the surface must be divided into small work sections to help maintain a wet edge, as SCOFIELD Cureseal-VOC will dry quickly under these conditions. Application must not be made on surfaces previously treated with a water or stain repellent.

SCOFIELD Cureseal-VOC is a premium-quality curing and sealing formulation and, like all such products, will require periodic maintenance and reapplication. Spills should be removed promptly and floors cleaned regularly to minimize possible staining and damage to the sealer.

■ 4. Composition and Materials:

SCOFIELD Cureseal-VOC is a blend of 100% methacrylate polymers and UV inhibitors in a fast drying aromatic solvent. No fillers are used and no oils, waxes, or saponifiable resins are contained in the mixture.

■ 5. Applicable Standards:

SCOFIELD Cureseal-VOC Gloss and SCOFIELD Cureseal-VOC Matte comply with the following specifications: ASTM C 1315, Type 1, Class A, B, and C; ASTM C 309, Type 1, Class A and B; AASHTO Des. M-148; DE CRD–C-300; Federal Specification TT-C-0800; and Federal EPA and Ozone Transport Commission VOC requirements.

A.I.M. Category: Curing and Sealing Compound, maximum VOC 350 g/L (2.92 lb/gal).

A.I.M. Definition: SCOFIELD Cureseal-VOC is a liquid membrane-forming compound marketed and sold solely for application to concrete surfaces to reduce the loss of water during the hardening process and to seal old and new concrete, providing resistance against alkalis, acids, and ultraviolet light, and provide adhesion promotion qualities. SCOFIELD Cureseal-VOC meets the requirements of the American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) Designation *C 1315 Standard Specification for Liquid Membrane-Forming Compounds Having Special Properties for Curing and Sealing Concrete*.

■ 6. Packaging:

SCOFIELD Cureseal-VOC is available from stock in 1-gallon (3.8 L) and 5-gallon (18.9 L) pails and by special order in 55-gallon (208 L) drums.

■ 7. Storage and Shelf Life:

When stored in the original unopened containers and protected from extreme heat, the shelf life of SCOFIELD Cureseal-VOC is at least 2 years from the date of manufacture. Inventory must be rotated to maintain product that is within shelf life limits.

■ 8. Chemical Resistance and Staining:

Chemical resistance may vary depending on the condition of the concrete substrate, curing techniques, surface preparation, method of application, the length of time the chemical remains on the surface, and other factors. When chemical protection is required or resistance to staining is important, a representative test application must be made on the jobsite substrate to determine if the sealer has suitable

resistance. After the test application of SCOFIELD Cureseal-VOC has fully cured, a minimum of 14 days, the chemical in question should be applied and left on the surface for the maximum possible time it would remain under the expected conditions of service.

■ 9. Textures and Slip Resistance:

Surfaces that are not slip resistant to meet the intended use must be roughened by some mechanical method. Adequate precautions must be taken to ensure that the surface is not slippery. SCOFIELD Traction Additive will help improve slip resistance when used according to directions.

For safety considerations, a representative jobsite test section must be prepared and sealed prior to general application and the entire surface inspected after completion to verify and approve the adequacy of wet and dry slip resistance.

■ 10. Cautions:

DANGER!

EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR. VAPORS HARMFUL. VAPORS MAY CAUSE FLASH FIRE. HARMFUL OR FATAL IF SWALLOWED. KEEP OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN. CONTAINS PETROLEUM DISTILLATES. MAY AFFECT THE BRAIN OR CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM CAUSING DIZZINESS, HEADACHE, OR NAUSEA. CAUSES EYE, SKIN, NOSE, AND THROAT IRRITATION. MAY CAUSE ALLERGIC SKIN REACTION. DO NOT TAKE INTERNALLY.

NOTICE: Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents may be harmful or fatal. See MSDS for further information.

Keep away from heat, sparks, and flame. Do not smoke. Extinguish all flames and pilot lights, and turn off stoves, heaters, electric motors and other sources of ignition during use and until all vapors are gone. Prevent buildup of vapors by opening all windows and doors to achieve cross-ventilation. Use only with adequate ventilation. Do not breathe vapors or spray mists. Ensure fresh air entry during application and drying. If you experience eye watering, headache or dizziness or if air monitoring demonstrates vapor/mist levels are above applicable limits, wear an appropriate, properly fitted respirator (NIOSH approved) during and after application. Follow respirator manufacturer's directions for respirator use. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling.

INTERIOR USE

WARNING: Do not allow vapors from this product to penetrate into foodstuffs. Remove animals from quarters until all vapors have dissipated. SCOFIELD Cureseal-VOC is nontoxic in its cured state.

First Aid: Eyes—In case of eye contact, flush immediately with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes and get medical attention immediately. Ingestion—If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. Give conscious victim 1 to 2 glasses of water and get medical attention immediately. Skin—Wash thoroughly with soap and water. Inhalation—If you experience difficulty in breathing, leave the area to obtain fresh air. If continued difficulty is experienced, get medical attention immediately. If symptoms persist or develop, get medical attention.

In Case of Fire: Use CO₂ or dry chemical extinguisher. Do not use water spray.



Keep container closed when not in use. If spilled, eliminate all sources of ignition. Contain spilled material and remove with inert absorbent using non-sparking tools. Dispose of contaminated absorbent, container, and unused contents in accordance with all applicable regulations. After container has been emptied it may contain explosive and harmful vapors and residue. Keep away from heat, sparks, and flame. Do not cut, puncture, or weld on or near container. Do not reuse empty container. Before using or handling, read the *Material Safety Data Sheet and Warranty*.

■ 11. Equipment for Preparation and Application:

When using equipment and materials during preparation and installation, suitable protective gear must be worn and government regulations, manufacturer's instructions, and all applicable safety requirements must be followed.

Use of a pressure washer, a rotary floor machine, or a walk-behind scrubbing machine will facilitate surface preparation on cured concrete, quarry tile, brick, block, or stone floors. A long-nap roller or applicator is required for applying SCOFIELD Cureseal-VOC.

WARNING!

Any electrical equipment used with SCOFIELD Cureseal-VOC must be explosion proof or otherwise designed specifically for use with solvent-based products. Care must be taken to prevent sparks at electrical outlets or wherever solvent vapors may be present.

For preparation, the pressure washer must be equipped with a fan tip and have a minimum pressure capability of 2000 psi (14 MPa). Hot water capability may facilitate cleaning of older concrete. Nonmarking hoses are helpful.

For preparation, the rotary floor machine must be heavy duty and operate at approximately 175 rpm. It may be equipped with brushes or with a pad driver that securely holds pads in place. A stiff-bristled bassine or nylon scrub brush is recommended. On flat interior floors, blue scrubbing or black stripping pads may be required. Walk-behind scrubbing machines should be considered for cleaning larger areas.

For application by roller, the roller must be long-napped with a recommended pile depth of 1 1/4 inch (32 mm), of professional quality, and a suitable size. An adequate supply of refill rollers should be available so they may be changed whenever necessary.

For application, the long-nap applicator must be of professional quality, of a suitable size, and in good condition to ensure even coverage.

■ 12. Preparation for Sealing:

During cleaning and stripping procedures, all surrounding areas should be closed to traffic, roped off, and protected. Testing should be performed to verify that the cleaning or stripping methods and materials will not damage the concrete.

To reduce hard-water and alkali deposits, sprinklers and fountains should be adjusted to avoid wetting of the surface. In hard-water areas, soft water should be considered for use in water features. Construction joints should be sealed with a high-quality joint sealant.

All washed or wet areas must be allowed to dry thoroughly before application of SCOFIELD Cureseal-VOC or moisture may be trapped under the sealer, causing a white haze to develop.

Newly placed concrete cured with SCOFIELD Cureseal-VOC

Gloss should receive an additional seal coat of SCOFIELD Cureseal-VOC Gloss when a gloss finish is desired. When a matte finish is desired, SCOFIELD Cureseal-VOC Matte is applied as the seal coat over the initial cure coat of SCOFIELD Cureseal-VOC Gloss. The seal coat should be applied 30 days after the concrete has been placed and cured.

Immediately prior to applying the seal coat, the concrete must be thoroughly cleaned by sweeping or vacuuming. Significantly stained, mottled, or damaged sections should be stripped. Mottled areas may also require acid washing after stripping to remove alkali deposits. These may form under the cure coat when application is made to concrete that contained excessive water when placed or where there was an unusual subsurface moisture condition. Additional preparation methods are described below and in section 15. *Maintenance and Removal*. The surface must be rinsed after cleaning until the rinse water is completely clean. After drying, the surface should be inspected closely, and additional general or spot cleaning and rinsing should be performed if necessary.

After the surface is completely dry, wear paths, scratches, scrapes, and other areas where the cure coat has been removed by wear or cleaning should be spot-sealed using a fine-bristle brush to apply and feather the sealer into the surrounding unmarred surface. All spot-sealed or resealed sections should be allowed to dry thoroughly before application of the seal coat.

Older concrete surfaces or quarry tile, brick, block, or stone must have a uniformly slip-resistant surface. Surfaces that are not slip resistant must be roughened by some mechanical method. Concrete previously sealed with SCOFIELD Cureseal-VOC should be prepared as described in section 15. *Maintenance and Removal*.

Before sealing concrete surfaces that have not been previously sealed with SCOFIELD Cureseal-VOC, all dirt, oil, grease, previously applied curing compounds, sealers, and coatings must be completely removed. Failure to remove all contaminants and coatings that impede the penetration of SCOFIELD Cureseal-VOC into the concrete will cause appearance defects, adhesion loss or peeling, and reduced durability.

Concrete not previously cured or sealed with SCOFIELD Cureseal-VOC must be cleaned completely so that the surface is penetrable. An indication of whether the concrete is penetrable can be obtained by spotting the surface with water. The water should immediately darken the substrate and be readily absorbed. If the water beads and does not penetrate or only penetrates in some areas, additional surface preparation and testing must be performed.

The cleaning method to be used depends on the surface finish and the condition of the concrete. Detergents, paint removers, or other commercial cleaners should be considered and tested. Pressure washing or scrubbing with a rotary floor machine is normally required. Any dirt or other material remaining will show through the clear sealer.

After cleaning, the surface must be rinsed to remove any remaining residue. Rinsing should continue until the rinse water is completely clean. Wet vacuums may be helpful to remove dirty water, particularly from interior floors. After drying, the surface must be carefully inspected and retested for penetrability. Additional general or spot cleaning and rinsing should be performed if necessary. All washed or wet areas must be allowed to dry completely before application of SCOFIELD Cureseal-VOC.

Particular care must be taken to completely remove any release agent that may have been applied. The presence of most release agents will adversely affect the physical properties of SCOFIELD Cureseal-VOC and cause adhesion loss between the sealer and the concrete.

Exterior flatwork or interior floors topped with SCOFIELD Texturetop must be sufficiently cured to walk on without damage prior to sealing, at least 16–24 hours after installation at 70° F (21° C) and 50% relative humidity. Dust, slurry residue, or other contaminants must be removed from the Texturetop surface by light pressure washing. All washed or wet areas must be allowed to dry completely before SCOFIELD Cureseal-VOC is applied. Do not use aggressive removal methods before the topping has adequately hardened, a minimum of 14 days after installation.



■ 13. Application as a Curing Membrane and Sealer:

Surrounding areas, landscaping, and adjacent surfaces must be masked or protected from spills, tracking, and equipment contact. The work area should be roped off, nearby vehicles removed, and appropriate sections closed to traffic. All open flames, pilot lights, sparking equipment, or any other source of ignition must be extinguished or removed. The surface should be divided into work sections using walls, joint lines, or other stationary features as natural stopping points. This allows for easier control of coverage, wet edge, and overlap.

The concrete must be uniformly and adequately textured for slip resistance. Application must be made at the coverage rate recommended in section 2. *Coverage* using the equipment described in section 11. *Equipment for Preparation and Application*.

SCOFIELD Cureseal-VOC Gloss requires no mixing or dilution and must be applied full strength (unthinned). Prior to use, SCOFIELD Cureseal-VOC Matte must be hand-stirred until a uniform consistency has been reached, then applied full strength (unthinned).

The curing membrane must be applied uniformly as soon as the surface of the concrete has sufficiently set so it can be walked on gently without marring, the surface moisture has evaporated, and no condensation or sweating can occur. During application, all surfaces must be in approximately the same state of hardening.

During cold, foggy, or damp weather or periods of significantly falling temperatures, the concrete may sweat or condensation may form on the surface, thereby preventing the curing membrane from drying and adhering properly. Application of the membrane should be made after condensation ceases, and when temperatures will not fall below 40° F (4° C). When interior heat is required, air heaters that do not have open flames or other sources of ignition and that vent exhaust flue gases to the outside should be used to avoid concrete carbonation resulting from carbon dioxide buildup. Salamanders should not be used. Temperatures and humidity should be moderate and consistently maintained.

After application is finished, tools should be cleaned with an aromatic solvent following the solvent manufacturer's instructions and safety requirements. The curing surfaces should not be walked on for at least 2 hours after application. Freshly placed concrete should not be covered with plastic sheets or waterproof paper. If additional protection is absolutely required, the curing surfaces should remain uncovered for a minimum of 4 days, after which time new and unwrinkled, nonstaining, reinforced kraft curing paper which conforms to ASTM C 171 *Sheet Materials for Curing Concrete* may be used. The use of plastic sheeting for protection is never recommended. When protection from plastering is required, the kraft paper should be removed at the end of each day, the concrete cleaned of all plaster and plaster-water residue, and the paper reinstalled the next morning if necessary.

In most applications the use of one coat of SCOFIELD Cureseal-VOC Gloss as a curing membrane is satisfactory. An additional application of SCOFIELD Cureseal-VOC Gloss is applied 30 days after the concrete has been placed and cured when a gloss finish is desired. When a matte finish is desired, use SCOFIELD Cureseal-VOC Matte for the additional seal coat. For a more even application, the seal coat should be applied at 90 degrees to the direction of the cure coat.

■ 14. Application as a Sealer:

If an older concrete slab is to be protected with SCOFIELD Cureseal-VOC or an additional seal coat is to be applied to newly placed concrete cured with SCOFIELD Cureseal-VOC, all surfaces must be properly prepared as described in section 12. *Preparation for Sealing*.

One coat of SCOFIELD Cureseal-VOC Gloss, back-rolled, is usually sufficient on new concrete previously cured with SCOFIELD Cureseal-VOC Gloss. Use SCOFIELD Cureseal-VOC Matte as the seal coat when a matte finish is desired. Two coats of SCOFIELD Cureseal-VOC Gloss should be used for sealing older cured concrete, quarry tile, brick, block, stone, exposed-aggregate, or SCOFIELD Texturetop surfaces when a gloss finish is desired. When a matte finish is desired, a prime coat of SCOFIELD Cureseal-VOC Gloss must be applied, followed by a topcoat of SCOFIELD Cureseal-VOC Matte. The topcoat can be applied as soon as the prime coat has dried sufficiently, normally 1–2 hours depending on temperature and humidity.

Surrounding areas, landscaping, and adjacent surfaces must be masked or protected from spills, tracking, and equipment contact. The work area should be roped off, nearby vehicles removed, and appropriate sections closed to traffic. All open flames, pilot lights, sparking equipment, or any other source of ignition must be extinguished or removed. The surface should be divided into work sections using walls, joint lines, or other stationary features as natural stopping points. This allows for easier control of coverage, wet edge, and overlap.

All washed or wet areas should must be allowed to dry thoroughly before the application of SCOFIELD Cureseal-VOC or moisture may be trapped under the sealer, causing a white haze to develop. Applying an additional coat of SCOFIELD Cureseal-VOC over the whitened areas will dissolve the sealer, allowing the moisture to escape. The sealer will then reharder clear.

SCOFIELD Cureseal-VOC Gloss requires no mixing or dilution and must be applied full strength (unthinned). Prior to use, SCOFIELD Cureseal-VOC Matte must be hand-stirred until a uniform consistency has been reached, then applied full strength (unthinned). Application must be made at the coverage rate recommended in section 2. *Coverage* using the equipment described in section 11. *Equipment for Preparation and Application*.

The sealer must be spread as thinly and evenly as possible using a long-napped roller or applicator. Curbs, risers, or walls are easily roller coated. A wet edge should be maintained, and overlap controlled. SCOFIELD Cureseal-VOC should not be overlapped or allowed to puddle or collect in joint indentations. A brush or rag should be kept available to brush out or mop up excess material.

The sealer should be applied on a calm day when concrete and air temperatures are between 50 and 80° F (10–27° C) and will not fall below 40° F (4° C). At temperatures high in the established range, the sealer will dry quickly, and the surface should be divided into small work sections to help maintain a wet edge. The surface must be dry and not subject to moisture that may interfere with the sealer drying properly. Application should not be made during rainy, foggy, or very humid weather when water condensation forms on the surface. On hot, dry days, application should be made during the cooler part of the day and when the concrete is in the shade.

The second seal coat may be applied after the first coat has dried sufficiently, normally 1–2 hours after application of the first coat depending on temperature and humidity. If a matte finish is desired, SCOFIELD Cureseal-VOC Matte must be applied as the second coat over the initial coat of SCOFIELD Cureseal-VOC Gloss. For a more even application, the second coat should be applied at 90 degrees to the direction of the first coat.

After application is finished, tools should be cleaned with an aromatic solvent following the solvent manufacturer's instructions and safety requirements. SCOFIELD Cureseal-VOC must be allowed to dry completely, normally 8–24 hours, before it is subjected to temperatures below 40° F (4° C) or to water from any source, such as hoses, sprinklers, condensation, or rain.



Sealed surfaces will be tack-free after approximately 1 hour at a temperature of 70° F (21° C) and 50% relative humidity. Under these conditions, the area may be walked on gently after a minimum of 2 hours.

After the sealer is completely dry, the area may be opened to light use after a minimum of 8 hours and to general use after a minimum of 24 hours. Longer drying times are helpful and will be necessary if temperatures are lower or the humidity is higher. The full performance capabilities of SCOFIELD Cureseal-VOC develop within approximately 24 hours after application at 70° F (21° C) and 50% relative humidity.

To avoid staining, the sealed surfaces should be protected from damage by other trades until they are fully cured. Heavy objects dropped or dragged will abrade the surface of the sealer.

All sealed surfaces should be thoroughly inspected to verify and approve installation and safety, including wet and dry slip resistance, before the area is opened to traffic.

■ 15. Maintenance and Removal:

All maintenance and removal methods should be tested, and all surrounding areas should be closed to traffic, roped off, and protected.

For maintenance, sealed interior surfaces should be top-coated with a sacrificial floor finish to protect and maintain the original appearance and extend the period between reapplications of SCOFIELD Cureseal-VOC. After the final SCOFIELD Cureseal-VOC application has been allowed to dry a minimum of 72 hours, a compatible, slip-resistant, emulsion-type, commercial floor finish should be used following the manufacturer's instructions and safety requirements.

A maintenance application of SCOFIELD Cureseal-VOC should be made periodically as the sealer is worn off the surface. The need for maintenance applications will be accelerated in areas of heavy use or that receive frequent or aggressive cleaning. It is not necessary to strip the previously applied SCOFIELD Cureseal-VOC unless film buildup is heavy or the surface cannot be cleaned sufficiently. Previously applied floor finish should be completely removed following the manufacturer's instructions and safety requirements. All dirt and contaminants must be completely removed from the surface of the sealer, and the surface thoroughly rinsed and allowed to dry. Wear paths, scratches, scrapes, and other areas where the sealer has been removed by wear or cleaning should be spot-sealed with SCOFIELD Cureseal-VOC using a fine-bristle brush to apply and feather the sealer into the surrounding surface. After the spot-sealed areas are completely dry, SCOFIELD Cureseal-VOC may be reapplied and slip resistance verified following the instructions in section 14. *Application as a Sealer*. Care must be taken so that excessive buildup of the sealer does not occur, thereby reducing durability and slip resistance.

When complete removal of SCOFIELD Cureseal-VOC is necessary, commercial coating removers or strippers should be tested and evaluated for safety and effectiveness following the manufacturer's instructions and safety requirements.

■ 16. Availability:

SCOFIELD Cureseal-VOC is marketed nationwide and internationally, directly to the user through strategically located warehouses, dealers, and representatives. Contact Scofield for its nearest representative.

Scofield offers a complete line of engineered systems for coloring, texturing, and improving performance in architectural concrete. Scofield Systems address specialized requirements for interior, exterior and vertical uses with compatible systems of complementary products including coloring admixtures, color hardeners, colored cementitious toppings, stains, curing compounds, sealers, coatings, repair products and texturing tools. Visit the Scofield website at www.scofield.com for further information.

■ 17. Limited Warranty:

Since no control is exercised over product use, L. M. Scofield Company (Scofield) represents and warrants only that its products are of consistent quality within manufacturing tolerances. NO OTHER ORAL OR WRITTEN REPRESENTATION OR STATEMENT OF ANY KIND, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, NOW OR HEREAFTER MADE IS AUTHORIZED OR WARRANTED BY SCOFIELD, INCLUDING THOSE OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. Liability for breach of contract, negligence, or on any other legal basis is limited to the lesser of refund or replacement of defective materials. SCOFIELD WILL NOT BE LIABLE FOR SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES, INCLUDING FOR DELAYS OR LOST PROFITS. Communication of this warranty and its limitations to end users is not the responsibility of Scofield, but should be communicated by those in direct contract with the end user. Any claim regarding product defect must be received in writing within one year from the date of manufacture. No claim will be considered without such written notice or after the specified time interval. The end user shall determine the suitability of the products for the intended use and assumes all risks and liability in connection therewith.



Suggested Short Form Specification for Curing and Sealing Concrete Flatwork

All concrete flatwork designated as being cured and sealed in the plans and specifications shall be cured and sealed with SCOFIELD® Cureseal-VOC™ Gloss (*optional:* and top-coated with SCOFIELD® Cureseal-VOC™ Matte) manufactured by L. M. Scofield Company, (800) 800-9900, Los Angeles, CA, (323) 720-3000, and Atlanta, GA, (770) 920-6000. SCOFIELD® Cureseal-VOC™ Gloss (*optional:* and SCOFIELD® Cureseal-VOC™ Matte) shall be applied full strength in accordance with Scofield's Tech-Data Bulletin TD-1634/35.



1 800 800 9900 or www.scofield.com

SCOFIELD PRODUCTS ARE INTENDED FOR PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY

■ L. M. Scofield Company customer service: 1 800 800 9900

Western Headquarters: 6533 Bandini Blvd., Los Angeles, CA 90040 **voice:** 323 720 3000 **fax:** 323 720 3030

Eastern Headquarters: 4155 Scofield Road, Douglasville, GA 30134 **voice:** 770 920 6000 **fax:** 770 920 6060

www.scofield.com